

# Appendix E

## Additional Tools

Additional tools provided in this Appendix include:

- List of Requirements for an EMS;
- Sample PowerPoint training presentations:
  - “Environmental Management Systems: Taking Charge of Your Environmental Management Issues” discusses the benefits of EMS; and
  - “Shipbuilding and Ship Repair: Environmental Management Systems Implementation” walks user through the elements of an EMS.

### List of Requirements for an EMS

Who/What	Responsibilities
Top Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Define the Environmental Policy</li> <li>• Provide resources essential to the implementation and control of the EMS</li> <li>• Appoint a specific Environmental Management Representative (EMR)</li> <li>• Review the EMS</li> <li>• Address the possible need for changes to policy, objectives, and other elements of the EMS in light of audit results, changing circumstances, and continual improvement</li> </ul>
Environmental Policy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Be appropriate to the nature, scale, and environmental impacts of the facility’s activities and services</li> <li>• Include a commitment to continual improvement</li> <li>• Include a commitment to comply with relevant environmental legislation regulations and other requirements to which the facility subscribes</li> <li>• Provide the framework for setting and reviewing environmental objectives and targets</li> <li>• Be documented, implemented, maintained, and communicated to all employees</li> <li>• Be available to the public</li> </ul>

Facility

- Establish and maintain procedures to identify environmental aspects
- Ensure that aspects related to significant impacts are considered in setting objectives
- Keep aspects information up to date
- Establish and maintain procedures to identify and have access to legal and other requirements
- Establish and maintain documented environmental objectives and targets
- Consider legal and other requirements, significant environmental aspects, technological options, financial operations and business requirements, and views of interested parties
- Establish and maintain programs for achieving objectives and targets
- Identify training needs
- Require that all personnel whose work may create a significant impact receive appropriate training
- Establish and maintain procedures to make employees at all levels aware of importance of conformance to requirements of the EMS
- Establish and maintain procedures to make employees at all levels aware of the significant environmental aspects of their work and benefits of improved personal performance
- Establish and maintain procedures to make employees at all levels aware of the potential consequences of departure from specified operating procedures
- Establish and maintain procedures for internal communication between various levels of the facility
- Establish and maintain procedures for responding to relevant communication from external interested parties
- Consider processes for external communication on its significant environmental aspects and record the decision
- Establish and maintain information (in paper or electronic form) to describe the core elements of the EMS and provide direction to related documentation
- Establish and maintain procedures for controlling all environmental documents
- Identify those operations or activities that are associated with the identified significant environmental aspects
- Plan activities, including maintenance, to ensure that they are carried out under specific conditions
- Establish and maintain documented procedures for significant aspects to cover situations where their absence could lead to deviations from the policy, objectives, and targets

Facility (continued)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Establish and maintain procedures to identify and respond to accidents and emergencies</li> <li>• Review and revise, where necessary, the emergency preparedness and response procedures (particularly after the occurrence of an accident)</li> <li>• Periodically test the emergency preparedness and response procedure</li> <li>• Establish and maintain documented procedures to monitor and measure, on a regular basis, the key characteristics of operations and activities that have significant environmental impacts</li> <li>• Record information to track performance for defining responsibility and authority for investigating nonconformance, taking action to mitigate impacts caused, and initiating and completing corrective actions</li> <li>• Implement and record changes in the documented procedures resulting from corrective or preventive actions</li> <li>• Establish and maintain procedures for the identification, maintenance, and disposition of environmental records</li> <li>• Establish and maintain programs and procedures for periodic EMS audits</li> </ul>
Objectives and Targets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Be consistent with the Environmental Policy, including the commitment to pollution prevention</li> </ul>
Environmental Programs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Include designation of responsibility for achieving objectives and targets</li> <li>• Include the means and time frame by which objects and targets are to be achieved</li> <li>• Be amended to address new developments or modifications</li> </ul>
Environmental Management Representative (EMR)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Have defined role, responsibility, and authority for ensuring EMS requirements are established</li> <li>• Have defined role, responsibility, and authority for reporting on the performance of the EMS to top management</li> </ul>
EMS Coordinator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Responsible for identifying, assigning, scheduling, providing the necessary support for, and ensuring completion of all tasks relating to the EMS</li> <li>• Works closely with the CFT</li> <li>• Responsible for maintaining the EMS manual, under leadership of the EMR</li> </ul>
Personnel Performing Tasks Related to Significant Environmental Impacts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Be competent on the basis of training education or experience</li> </ul>

Documents	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Be easily located</li> <li>• Be periodically reviewed, revised as necessary, and approved for adequacy by authorized persons</li> <li>• Be current and available at all locations where operations are performed</li> <li>• Be legible</li> <li>• Be dated (with dates of revision)</li> <li>• Be maintained in an orderly manner</li> <li>• Be retained for a specific period</li> </ul>
Obsolete Documents	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Be promptly removed from all points of issue or otherwise assured against unintended use</li> <li>• Retained for legal or knowledge preservation purposes</li> </ul>
Procedures Related to Significant Environmental Aspects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Define normal operating criteria</li> <li>• Be communicated to suppliers and contractors</li> </ul>
Monitoring Equipment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Be calibrated, maintained, and retain records of this process</li> </ul>
Corrective or Preventive Actions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Be appropriate to the magnitude of problems and commensurate with the environmental impact encountered</li> </ul>
Environmental Records	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Be legible, identifiable, and traceable to the activity, product, or service involved</li> <li>• Be stored and maintained in a way that they are readily retrievable and protected from damage, deterioration, or loss</li> <li>• Contain specific recorded retention times</li> <li>• Be maintained as appropriate to the system and the facility to demonstrate conformance to the requirements of the EMS</li> </ul>
EMS Audits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Be carried out to determine if the EMS conforms to planned arrangements and has been properly implemented and maintained</li> <li>• Provide information to top management</li> <li>• Be prioritized based on environmental importance and the result of previous audits</li> </ul>

# Environmental Management Systems: Taking Charge of Your Environmental Management Issues

## Environmental Management Systems: Taking Charge of Your Environmental Management Issues

{Facility Name}

5/20/03

1

## The Challenge

The Shipbuilding and Ship Repair Industry  
faces a wide range of pressures

- Increasing costs
- Growing community concerns
- Changing employee expectations
- Increasing customer demands & requirements
- Greater competition (global and domestic)

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## The Challenge



Many managers are in constant fire-fighting  
mode in dealing with environmental affairs

- Without a clear direction, environmental issues drop to the bottom of the list until they are urgent
- Urgency, limited staff time, and lack of expertise often limit options and the effectiveness of environmental actions
- Root causes are often not addressed, so reactive mode of crisis/response continues

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## EMS: Take Charge of Your Environmental Efforts

An environmental management system (EMS)  
can help a company

- Take control through understanding root causes & having time to develop effective solutions that address underlying conditions
- Shift from a reactive to proactive approach to addressing environmental efforts
- Integrate environmental efforts with business priorities and concerns

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## An EMS Builds on What you Already Do

- You don't have to reinvent the wheel
- Existing environmental efforts can be leveraged to provide more efficiency & value
- EMS can be integrated with Quality management systems such as ISO 9000
- You will examine what you have now, identify where you want to go, and address any gaps

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## EMS Uses a Plan-Do-Check-Act Approach

- Based on quality management principles that have shown their value in all types & sizes of businesses worldwide
- Recognizes that perfection is the goal, but is never fully attained
- EMS is dynamic, allowing you to continue to adapt as future conditions change
- Focuses on continual improvement

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## Environmental Management Systems: Taking Charge of Your Environmental Management Issues (continued)

**An EMS Will Help You:**

- Evaluate & define success in environmental & business terms

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**An EMS Will Help You:**

- Understand & prioritize environmental issues and address them in a proactive manner
  - Though important, regulations don't necessarily help you understand what to do first or how far to take it
  - By aligning environmental priorities with business goals, you can focus first on those issues that provide benefits on both fronts

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**An EMS Will Help You:**

- Identify clear objectives & tracking mechanisms
  - Improvements don't happen on their own – you need to state what you want to accomplish & by when
  - You manage what you measure, so stating clear interim goals & having a means of measuring progress are crucial

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**An EMS Will Help You:**

- Promote ownership of environmental issues throughout your work force
  - Environmental management must be everyone's job
  - EMS can create environmental awareness & the structure needed to achieve environmental improvement across your organization

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**An EMS Will Help You:**

- Establish or improve controls over significant environmental impacts
  - Early stages of EMS development will identify your most important issues; appropriate priorities for action will be visible
  - Specific actions (e.g., pollution prevention, equipment modifications, process changes, training, communication) provide the means for accomplishing your goals & long-term objectives

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**An EMS Will Help You:**

- Develop and/or streamline internal processes
  - Thinking about control measures can lead to opportunities to simplify processes & practices
  - Eliminating or controlling environmental impacts can make job functions easier & reduce direct & indirect costs
  - Formal processes to anticipate, detect & correct problems can yield big dividends in the form of saving money, building credibility & maintaining goodwill

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## Environmental Management Systems: Taking Charge of Your Environmental Management Issues (continued)

### An EMS Will Help you:

- Report your progress to your management, regulators, customers & the community
  - EMS provides the structure to measure progress against goals
  - Reporting progress to stakeholders builds trust & credibility

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### What it Takes

- Sustained effort
- Top management dedication to excellence & leadership
- Resources – your own people & some limited outside help

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### But, a Properly Implemented EMS...



#### Should Pay for Itself Many Times Over

- The process yields new opportunities for savings
- Operating costs savings are permanent
- Many companies have surprised themselves
  - Better than expected environmental & financial performance
  - Burden of formalizing approaches & developing all the connections not as great as people fear

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### Benefits of an EMS

#### An EMS will help {Facility Name} achieve:

- More control over a rapidly evolving, increasingly important business factor – The Environment
- Better planning & therefore, fewer surprises
- Improved efficiency & lower costs
- Enhanced employee morale & retention
- Better relations with regulators & the community
- Potential regulatory relief
- Stronger customer relationships & competitive position

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### The Bottom Line

**Companies don't do EMS because it's a nice idea – they do it because it helps them achieve better business results**



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### Why Pursue EMS Now?

EPA's Sustainable Industries Program is providing assistance to shipbuilding and ship repair facilities – including:

- Developing an EMS template for this industry
- Working with volunteer ship building and repair facilities to do a pilot EMS implementation project

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Environmental Management Systems:  
Taking Charge of Your Environmental Management Issues (continued)



### Why Pursue EMS Now?

- EPA's Performance Track Program is providing recognition and developing other regulatory benefits (including lowering inspection priority and reducing monitoring & reporting requirements) for facilities with EMS
- State government programs are also recognizing & rewarding facilities with EMS

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# Shipbuilding and Ship Repair: Environmental Management Systems Implementation

SHIPBUILDING AND SHIP REPAIR  
**Environmental Management  
Systems Implementation**

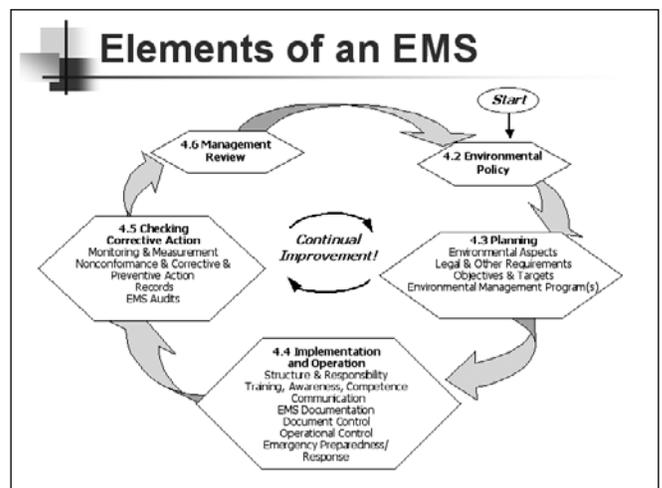
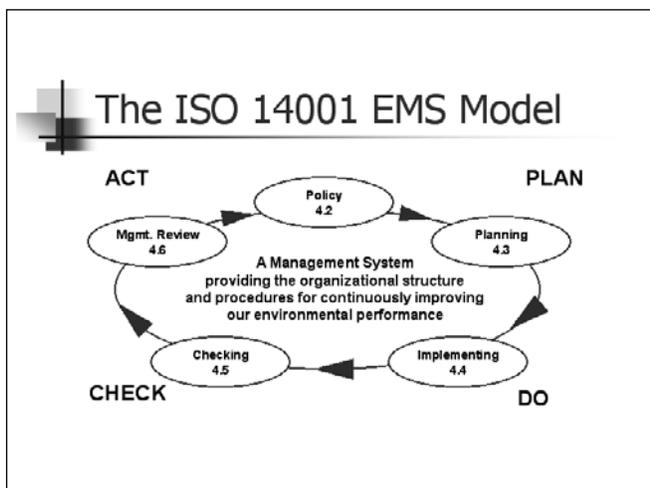
Module 1  
  
Laying the Groundwork

**What an EMS is:**

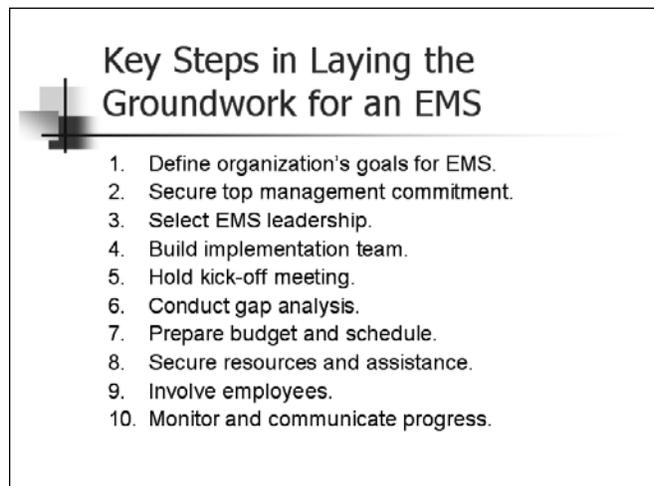
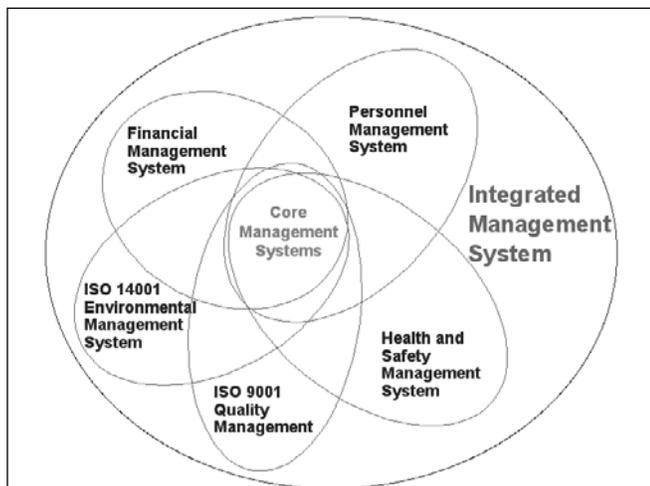
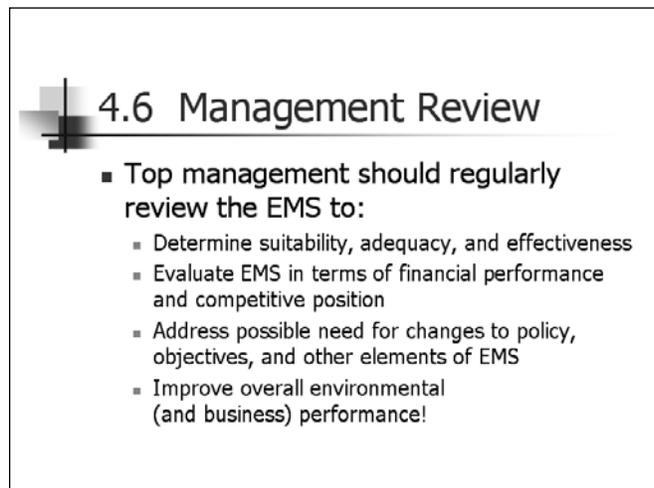
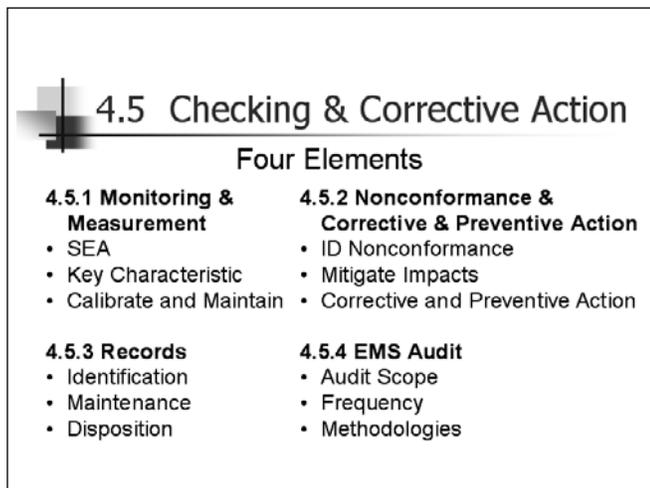
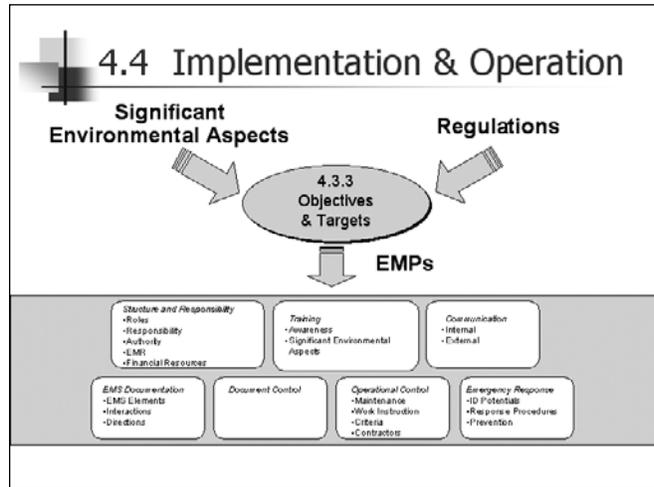
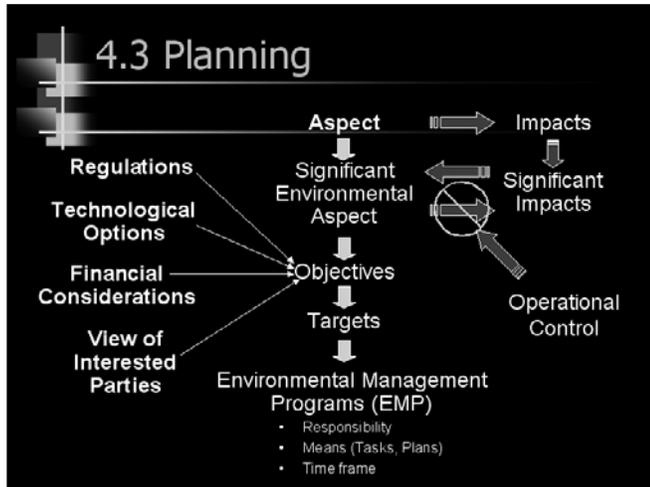
- A management system standard
- A management system that commits to compliance with environmental regulations
- A road map by which a company can meet its environmental goals
- A system built on previously existing programs and procedures
- A continuous improvement process
- An accountability process ("Say what you do, do what you say, prove it")
- An awareness program for the employees and the community
- A human-based system

**What an EMS is not:**

- Legal requirement
- Necessarily oriented toward Occupational Safety and Health
- A performance standard
- An attempt to immediately address every potential environmental impact
- A static system
- Something a consultant can do for you



## Shipbuilding and Ship Repair: Environmental Management Systems Implementation (continued)



Shipbuilding and Ship Repair:  
Environmental Management Systems Implementation (continued)

## Defining an Appropriate Scope

Consider for example:

- Boundaries of permits or approvals
- Extent of authority to which environmental policy applies
- Extent of authority to allocate resources

## Gap Analysis

- It is a set of questions or prompts that represent the requirements of an effective EMS
- It should identify existing system components that should be further integrated
- It should identify specific needs and areas for improvement

## Gap Analysis

Facility Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Assessor(s): \_\_\_\_\_

EMS Requirement	Yes	No	NA	Findings/Remarks	Closed
<b>Module 2: Structure &amp; Responsibility</b>					
Facility has defined the roles, responsibilities, and authorities to facilitate an effective EMS.					
Facility management has appointed an EMR with defined roles and responsibilities to implement the EMS.					
Facility EMR reports on the performance of the EMS to top management for review and continuous improvement.					
<b>Module 3: Environmental Policy</b>					
Top management has defined the facility's environmental policy.					
Policy is specific to facility and is appropriate to the nature, scale and environmental impacts of its activities, products or services.					
Policy includes a commitment to continuous improvement in environmental performance and the prevention of pollution.					
Policy includes a commitment to sharing information on EMS performance with the community.					

Note: NA - Not applicable; CF T - Cross functional team; Closed - Indicator completion; SBA - Significant environmental aspect; EMS - Environmental Management System; EPRR - Emergency Preparedness and Response; EMR - Environmental Management Representative; CAPAN - Corrective and Preventive Action Notice

## Worksheet for Persons Responsible for EMS Implementation

Roles	Individual(s) Responsible	% of Time Designated	Budget
EMR with responsibility for implementing the EMS (in small businesses, this could be the owner).			
EMS Coordinator			
EMS Team Participants (CFT)			
Conduct gap analysis:			
Identify and determine significance of environmental aspects.			
Identify and determine applicability of legal and other requirements			
Address competency-based training.			
Address operational controls.			
Implement emergency preparedness and response			
Monitoring and measurement of "key characteristics" of operations and activities that can have significant environmental impacts (i.e., the "significant environmental aspects").			
Periodically evaluate environmental compliance.			
Handle and investigate non-conformance with the EMS.			
Address records management.			
Implement internal EMS audits.			
Contact Person:			Date Completed:

## Areas Where Level of Effort Could Be Significant

- Aspect gathering and significance determination
- Developing procedures and work instructions
- Awareness training—each employee

## How Birds See the World



**EMS**

*Looking at everyday things from a different perspective*

Far Side, Gary Larson

Shipbuilding and Ship Repair:  
 Environmental Management Systems Implementation (continued)

**Module 2**

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**Structure and Responsibility**

**Your EMS Checklist for Structure and Responsibility**



- Designated an EMR and have letter of appointment signed by top management
- Designated an EMS Coordinator (if separate from EMR as recommended)

**Your EMS Checklist for Structure and Responsibility**



Selected CFT members who represent their departments, comprise broad expertise, and assists in:

- Identifying aspects and determining significance
- Setting objectives and targets
- Implementing environmental management programs
- Reviewing and tracking EMS internal audits results
- Cascading EMS information throughout the organization

**Your EMS Checklist for Structure and Responsibility**



Begun to address other important roles:

- Internal Audit Team
- Department Managers
- Area Supervisors
- Document and Record Administrator
- Quality Management System Coordinator

**Your EMS Checklist for Structure and Responsibility**



Making plans to:

- Include EMS responsibilities on everyone’s job description
- Make meeting EMS objectives and targets a factor in performance evaluations
- Reward individuals who help the company meet EMS objectives

**Your EMS Checklist for Structure and Responsibility**



Making plans to:

- Structure accounting and financial functions to track true total cost of environmental issues
- Relate true cost of waste and non-compliance back to production units and make supervisors accountable

Shipbuilding and Ship Repair:  
Environmental Management Systems Implementation (continued)

### Your EMS Checklist for Structure and Responsibility



- Organizational chart that represents structure as it applies to the scope of the EMS
- Written descriptions of EMS responsibilities that correspond to the roles in org. chart
- Top management meeting minutes demonstrating concurrence with EMS objectives and targets

## Module 4

### Legal and Other Requirements

### Your EMS Checklist for LOR



- Do you have a procedure to identify and provide access to LOR?
- Do you maintain access to all LOR?
- Have you documented your LOR (for use and for audits)?

### Your EMS Checklist for LOR

Don't forget Other Requirements that could include:

- Corporate policies
- EPA Performance Track commitments
- Industry codes of practice
- Other voluntary commitments (CERES, etc.)

**Example 4 -2: Shipbuilding and Ship Repair Industry Operations:  
List of Applicable Legal and Other Requirements**

Category/Requirement	Identification			Production Process					Facility Support					
	Corporate Policy	Industry Code of Practice	Other	Material Handling and Loading	Welding	Painting	Welding	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other
Material Use	Corporate Policy		Industry Code of Practice	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Air Emissions	40CFR Part 10	40CFR Part 13	40CFR Part 22		X	X	X	X	X					
Air Emissions	40CFR Part 10	40CFR Part 13	40CFR Part 22		X	X	X	X	X					
Air Emissions	40CFR Part 10	40CFR Part 13	40CFR Part 22		X	X	X	X	X					
Air Emissions	40CFR Part 10	40CFR Part 13	40CFR Part 22		X	X	X	X	X					
Air Emissions	40CFR Part 10	40CFR Part 13	40CFR Part 22		X	X	X	X	X					
Air Emissions	40CFR Part 10	40CFR Part 13	40CFR Part 22		X	X	X	X	X					
Air Emissions	40CFR Part 10	40CFR Part 13	40CFR Part 22		X	X	X	X	X					

## Module 5

### Environmental Aspects

Shipbuilding and Ship Repair:  
Environmental Management Systems Implementation (continued)

### Identifying Aspects and Determining Significance

Provide a comprehensive basis and linkage to:

- Objectives and targets
- Operational controls and EMPs
- Monitoring and measurement requirements
- Training needs

### Aspect Identification: Subdividing the Facility

- Appropriate balance between information glut and information gaps
- Appropriate for fostering ownership and local control

### Aspect Identification: Who Should Do It?

Consider using small teams that include:

- Environmental staff (provide expertise and consistent approach)
- Department/area representatives (provide knowledge of the process and serve as information conduit)

### Aspect Identification: What To Do?

- Inspect Each Process/Activity
- Create Process Flow Diagrams That Consider All Inputs
  - Energy Use
  - Water Use
  - Supplies/Disposables
  - Chemicals

### Aspect Identification: What To Do? (Cont)

Create Process Flow Diagrams That Consider All Outputs

- Air Emissions
- Noise/Odor/Radiation
- Wastes
- Water Discharge
- Storm Water Discharge
- Spillage and Other

### Aspect Identification: What To Do? (Cont)

Create Process Flow Diagrams That Consider All Situations

- Normal Operation
- Start Up
- Shut Down
- Emergency Situations
- Decommissioning
- Estimate Quantities (with available information)

# Shipbuilding and Ship Repair: Environmental Management Systems Implementation (continued)

## Aspect Identification Form

Person Completing Form: \_\_\_\_\_ Area/Process: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

ASPECT IDENTIFICATION			SIGNIFICANCE DETERMINATION				OBJECTIVES & TARGETS*	
Category/Aspect	Inputs, Processes, Outputs/Products	Quality or Volume	Regulatory Compliance	Community Concern	Business Significance	Rationale for Significance (S) or Non-significance (N)	Objective & Type	Target
Water Usage:								
Supplies/Disposables:								
Chemicals:								
Air Emissions:								
Noise/Other Radiations:								
Wastes:								
Water Discharges:								
Stormwater Discharges:								
Spillage and Other:								

## Determining Significance

One Option:

- Legal Requirements/Voluntary Commitments/Company Policy
- Community Concerns
- Pollution Prevention Potential
- Potential Impact to the Environment (see also App. E)
  - Toxicity (characterization of materials and wastes)
  - Amounts (volume/mass of emissions, waste, or releases)
  - Amounts (consumption of renewable/non-renewable resources)
  - Frequency of episodes
  - Severity of actual or potential impacts

## Determining Significance (Cont'd.)

Second Option:

- Legal and Other Requirements
- Company Policy
- Environmental Significance
  - Scale
  - Severity
  - Probability
  - Duration
- Business Significance
  - Effect on public image
  - Outcome of change on process
  - Concerns of interested parties
  - Cost of changing impact

### Significance Determination for Aspects Based on Environmental and Business Considerations

Person Completing Form: \_\_\_\_\_ Area/Process: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Aspect Not Meeting Regulatory or Company Policy Criteria	Potential Impact	Level of Control		Environmental Significance (Scale of 1-5 per Definition)			Business Significance (Scale of 1-5 per Definition)						
		High Medium or Low	Scale	Severity	Probability	Duration	Relative Scale	Community Impact	Effect on Public Image	Duration of Process	Outcome of Change on Process	Cost of Changing Impact	
Supplies:													
Chemicals:													
Energy Use:													
Water Use:													
Air Emissions:													
Noise/Other Radiations:													
Water Discharges:													
Solid Waste:													
Storm Water Discharge:													
Spills:													
Other inputs and outputs:													

### Definitions To Be Used in Rating Environmental And Business Considerations

PARAMETER	RATING CATEGORIES				
	1	2	3	4	5
<b>ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS</b>					
SCALE	major local community	city/community	county/community or regional	state/community or regional	regional/community or global
SEVERITY	minor aspect	moderate aspect that requires a remedy	moderate aspect that requires a remedy	major aspect that requires a remedy	extreme aspect that requires a remedy
PROBABILITY	very unlikely	unlikely	possible	likely	very likely
DURATION	one-time	less than one month	one to six months	less than one year	long-term (more than one year or continuous)
<b>BUSINESS CONSIDERATIONS</b>					
DIFFICULTY OF CHANGING IMPACT	easy to change	moderate effort required	moderate effort required	major effort required	extreme effort required
EFFECT ON PUBLIC IMAGE PERCEPTION	no effect	minimal effect	moderate effect	major effect	extreme effect
OUTCOME OF CHANGE ON INTERESTED PARTIES	no effect	moderate effect	moderate effect	major effect	extreme effect
COST OF CHANGING IMPACT	less than \$100,000	major price change >\$100,000 to <\$500,000	moderate price change >\$500,000 to <\$1,000,000	major price change >\$1,000,000 to <\$2,000,000	extreme price change >\$2,000,000

**LEGEND**  
Interested parties could include:  
 \* Employees      \* Local Agencies  
 \* Community      \* Stakeholders  
 \* Federal Agencies      \* Special Interest Groups  
 \* State Agencies  
 ACT/PROCESSES Activities / Products / Services

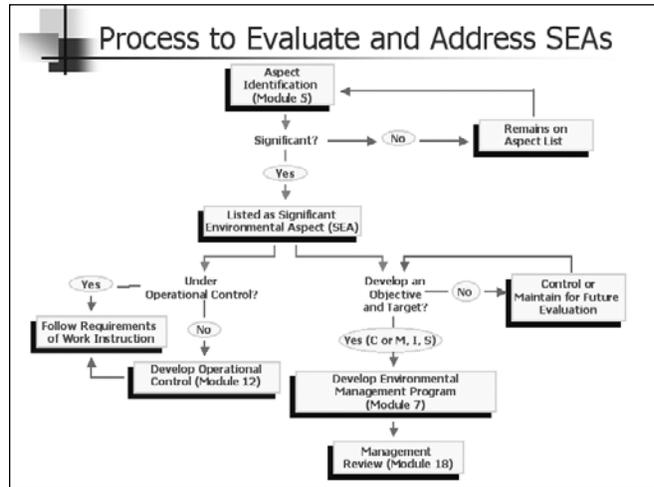
## Your EMS Checklist for Environmental Aspects

- Procedure for Identification of Environmental Aspects and Determination of Significant Aspects (incl. frequency of review)
- Documented Aspects Lists
- Documented Rationale for Significance Determination

Shipbuilding and Ship Repair:  
Environmental Management Systems Implementation (continued)

# Module 6

## Objectives and Targets



### Definitions (per ISO 14001)

**Environmental Objective**  
Overall environmental goal, arising from the environmental policy, that an organization sets itself to achieve and which is quantified where practicable.

**Environmental Target**  
Detailed performance requirement, quantified where practicable, applicable to the organization or parts thereof that arises from the environmental objectives and that needs to be set and met in order to achieve those objectives.

- ### Objectives Can Focus on
- Performance, based on achieving:
    - Direct reduction or elimination of impact to environment
    - A number, percentage, quantity
  - System, based on achieving:
    - Improvement to the system
    - Indirect reduction or elimination of impact to environment

- ### Three Types of Objectives
- Control or Maintain
    - Compliance with rules and regulations
    - Keep spray painting equipment operating in accordance with good operating practice
  - Improve
    - Reduce energy use
    - Increase paper recycling
  - Study or Investigate
    - Investigate alternate chemicals for cleaning



Shipbuilding and Ship Repair:  
Environmental Management Systems Implementation (continued)

## Environmental Target

- Performance requirement
- Quantifies the objective
- Sets the time scale
- Must be met in order to achieve the objective

## Sample Objectives and Targets

Objective: Reduce use of hazardous chemicals  
Target: 1. Reduce use of high-VOC paints by 25% by 01/04  
2. Increase use of water soluble cutting fluids by 15% by 01/04

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Objective: Reduce energy use  
Target: 1. Reduce electricity use by 10% by 01/04  
2. Reduce nat. gas use by 15% by 01/04

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Objective: Reduce water use  
Target: Reduce water use by 10% by 01/02

**Example 6 - 1: Objectives and Targets Organized by Category**

Objectives	Targets
<b>Supplies</b>	
Increase use of non hazardous chemicals by suppliers	• Increase use of suppliers that provide alternative chemicals by 15% by January 2002
Reduce amount of supplies used	• Implement recycling of supplies (abrasive media, oil, plastic, laser cartridge, metal, paint booth waste) respectively by January 2004 • Implement reuse program for wooden pallets by January 2004
<b>Chemicals</b>	
Reduce usage of hazardous chemicals	• Reduce use of high-VOC paints by 25% by January 2004 • Increase use of water-soluble cutting fluids by 15% by January 2004
<b>Energy Use</b>	
Reduce energy usage	• Reduce electricity use by 10% by January 2004 • Reduce natural gas use by 15% by January 2004
<b>Water Use</b>	
Reduce water use	• Reduce water use by 10% by January 2002
<b>Air Emissions</b>	
Reduce air emissions	• Reduce boiler emissions by 10% by January 2004 • Improve material handling practices (for example, use of paint warming cabinets) by January 2004 • Improve paint usage tracking system by January 2004 • Reduce paint overruns by 25% by January 2004 by training personnel on correct spray painting techniques and developing maintenance program for spray painting equipment to allow maximum transfer efficiency (to be supported by paint vendor)

**Example 6 - 1 (Cont'd): Objectives and Targets Organized by Category**

Objectives	Targets
<b>Water Discharges</b>	
Reduce VOCs in wastewater discharges	• Increase use of aqueous cleaners by 20% by January 2004
Improve habitat and water quality of estuary	• Restore fish stocks and habitat by January 2004
<b>Solid/Liquid Wastes</b>	
Reduce paint waste	• Reduce paint waste by 25% by paint mixing at point of use by January 2004
Reduce hazardous waste	• To be achieved by target above and reduction of hazardous chemicals use
<b>Stormwater Discharges</b>	
Reduce metal concentration in storm water discharge	• Improve stormwater collection and filtration system by January 2004 • Investigate effectiveness of additional best management practices (BMPs) by January 2003
<b>Spills</b>	
Reduce occurrence of spills	• Reduce spill occurrence by 10% by January 2004 by training the following personnel: (1) all plant personnel will receive awareness training during 2002, (2) all raw material handling personnel will receive spill prevention training during 2003, and (3) all production personnel will receive spill control training to reduce spills that exit the plant during 2003. Also, CFT will develop a team to conduct a root-cause analysis of spills during 2002 that will be incorporated into the training program.

## Responsibility

- The Cross Functional Team (CFT)
  - Develops documented objectives for management consideration and approval
  - Includes resource needs
- Top Management (ex., facility manager)
  - Authorizes objectives (and targets)
  - Provides adequate resources
  - Monitors progress
  - Uses normal business planning process to set and track environmental objectives and targets

## Sample O&T Procedure

- Tool 6-2 (with Form 5-2, Ex 6-1, Tool 7-2)
- CFT assigns objectives
- Objectives as
  - C = Control or Maintain
  - I = Improve
  - S = Study or Investigate
- Management approves, EMR assigns
- Targets provide detailed performance requirements (Form 5-2)
- Can roll up facility-wide O&T (Ex 6-1)
- Suggested review at least annually

## Shipbuilding and Ship Repair: Environmental Management Systems Implementation (continued)

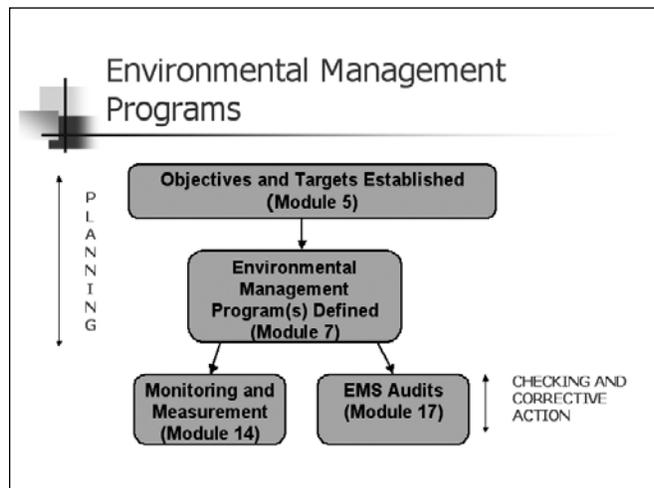
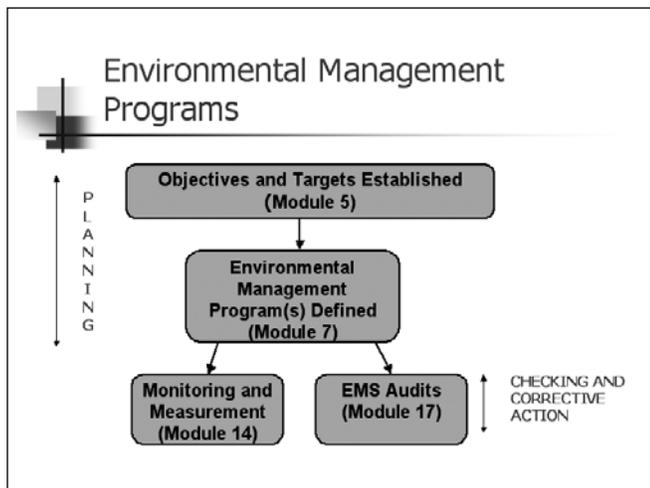
**Example 6 - 2: Identification of Objectives and Targets for Drydock Painting**

ASPECT IDENTIFICATION			SIGNIFICANCE DETERMINATION					OBJECTIVES & TARGETS	
Category/Aspect	Inputs, Processes, Outputs, Products	Quantity or Frequency of Occurrence	Control Measures	Multiple Occurrence	Multiple Locations	Multiple Media	Rationale for Significant (S) or Nonsignificance (N)	Objective & Type (L=Lower or medium or high or critical)	Target
<b>Chemicals:</b>									
VOC Content	Vapour Coatings (AP)	40 tons/yr	Yes	Yes	Low	NA	S	Make-up Coating Rate, Air Permit	C-Maximize Compliance Ongoing
HAP Content	Vapour Coatings (AP)	40 tons/yr	Yes	Yes	Low	NA	S	Make-up Coating Rate, Air Permit	C-Maximize Compliance Ongoing
VOC Content	Vapour Coatings (AP)	40 tons/yr	Yes	Yes	Low	NA	S	Make-up Coating Rate, Air Permit	C-Maximize Compliance Ongoing
HAP Content	Vapour Coatings (AP)	40 tons/yr	Yes	Yes	Low	NA	S	Make-up Coating Rate, Air Permit	C-Maximize Compliance Ongoing
<b>Air Emissions:</b>									
Fugitive VOCs	Applying Coating (P)	40 tons/yr	Yes	Yes	Low	NA	S	Make-up Coating Rate, permits of operations, total air emissions rate	D-Reduce Fugitive VOCs, HAPs, and particulate 80% reduction by January 2005
Fugitive HAPs	Applying Coating (P)	40 tons/yr	Yes	Yes	Low	NA	S	Make-up Coating Rate, permits of operations, total air emissions rate	D-Reduce Fugitive VOCs, HAPs, and particulate 80% reduction by January 2005
Chemicals, fugitive particulate emissions	Applying Coating (P)	40 tons/yr	Yes	Yes	Low	NA	S	Make-up Coating Rate, permits of operations, total air emissions rate	D-Reduce Fugitive VOCs, HAPs, and particulate 80% reduction by January 2005
<b>Water/Slur/Residue:</b>									
Other than VOCs/Benz	Applying Coating (P)	40 tons/yr	No	No	Low	NA	N	Does not meet significance criteria	NA
<b>Waste:</b>									
Construction Scrap	Waste Paint Cans (OP)	10,000 lbs per year	No	No	Low	NA	S	Waste Reduction Program	D-Study waste reduction strategy Complete Study by April 2003
Construction Waste	Type Soling, Soling, Residue, Filtr Media, Paint Slimes, Dryp Slimes, Masking Paper (Over), Soling (OP)	1,500 gallons	No	No	Low	NA	S	Waste Reduction Program	D-Study waste reduction strategy Complete Study by April 2003
Waste Chemicals	Waste Paint and Soling (Over)	1,500 gallons	Yes	Yes	Low	NA	S	RCCA (TRC C)	C-Maximize Compliance Ongoing
Solid waste, landfill	Construction materials (OP) and debris (OP)	10,000 and 2,000 lbs per year	No	No	Low	NA	S	Waste Reduction Program	D-Study waste reduction strategy Complete Study by April 2003

### Your EMS Checklist for O&T



- Do you have a procedure for O&T (optional)?
- Are your O&T consistent with your environmental policy?
- Do your O&T consider (1) legal and other requirements, (2) technological options, (3) financial, operational, and business requirements and (4) the views of interested parties?
- Have you documented your O&T and assigned responsibility for meeting them?



### Environmental Management Programs

Action plans necessary to achieve your objectives and targets:

- Designate responsibility for achieving objectives and targets at each relevant function and level
- Establish the means and timeframe by which they are to be achieved
- EMPs can include sub-objectives and targets
- EMPs serve as "operational controls" for objectives and targets

### Environmental Management Programs (cont)

- Should address:
  - Responsibilities (who will do it)
  - Tasks (what will they do?)
  - Schedules (when will they do it?)
  - Resources (what do they need to do it?)
  - Work Products (Proof that it is done)
- Should be:
  - Dynamic and revised on a regular basis

Shipbuilding and Ship Repair:  
Environmental Management Systems Implementation (continued)

## Environmental Management Programs (cont)



### Suggestion for EMPs:

- For every objective of the improvement and investigate type, have a corresponding EMP
- Keep the EMPs simple and up-to-date

## EMP Tools in Guide

- Form 7-1: Sample Form for EMPs (and examples 7-1 and 7-2)
- Tool 7-2: Sample Procedure for Review for New Purchases, Processes and Products
- Form 7-2: Sample form to Use with Tool 7-2

Example 7 -1: EMP for Reduction of Fugitive VOC, HAP, and Particulate Emissions

Area/Department(s): Construction and Repair (see Example 5-1) - Painting  
Process: Drydock Painting  
Significant Environmental Aspect: Fugitive VOCs, HAPs, and particulates  
Legal & Regulatory Requirement: Marine Coating Rule, permits to operate, toxic air emissions rule

Objective: Reduce Fugitive VOC, HAP, and particulate emissions  
Target: 10% Reduction by January 2004 (relative to year 2000 baseline)

Category:  Control/Maintain  Improve  Study or Investigate

### No. 1 Action Plan: Substitution of Raw Materials

Task/Action Items	Responsible Part	Resource Needed	Project Start Date	Project Completion Date	Comments (C)/Deliverables (D)
Identify list of suitable vendors that supply low VOCs paint	John Smith, Environmental Manager	MECS, Paint Mfg Assoc.	March 1, 2002	April 1, 2002	D - List of potential vendors of low-VOC paint
Develop evaluation of technical feasibility and cost effectiveness of select paint products.	Cross Functional Team	Testing by paint personnel, customer approval	May 1, 2002	July 1, 2002	D - Comparative cost analysis of select low-VOC paint application D - Technical feasibility analysis of select low-VOC paint application

Example 7 -1(Cont'd): EMP for Reduction of Fugitive VOC, HAP, and Particulate Emissions

### No. 2 Action Plan: Process Modification

Task/Action Items	Responsible Part	Resource Needed	Project Start Date	Project Completion Date	Comments (C)/Deliverables (D)
Identify process modification that can be done to reduce emissions of VOCs, HAPs, and particulates	John Smith, Environmental Manager	Eng. Dept, vendor proposals	August 1, 2002	August 31, 2002	D - List of potential process modification
Develop preliminary evaluation on technical feasibility and cost effectiveness of process modification alternatives	John Smith, Environmental Manager	Vendor quotes, est. of reductions from support agency	September 1, 2002	September 30, 2002	D - Technical feasibility report of process modification alternatives D - Comparative cost analysis of process modification alternatives
Conduct pilot test of the preferred alternative of process modification	Kim Weinstein, Environmental Department	Process and eng. dept.	October 1, 2002	January 1, 2003	D - Work plan of the pilot test D - Weekly progress report of the pilot test D - Final report and recommendation
Full scale implementation	John Smith and Will Gibson (Paint Department)	Training by vendor, testing	February 2003		D - Quarterly progress and performance report

## Your EMS Checklist for EMPs



- Have you established and maintained EMPs to achieve objectives and targets?
- Does your EMS manual provide a road map to, or include, the EMPs?
- Do you periodically review your EMPs?
- Do you have defined roles and responsibilities for environmental review of new projects or products? (example procedure in Guide)

## Other Modules 8 to 18

- Implementation & Operation (8 to 14)
- Checking & Corrective Action (14 to 18)
- Management Review (18)

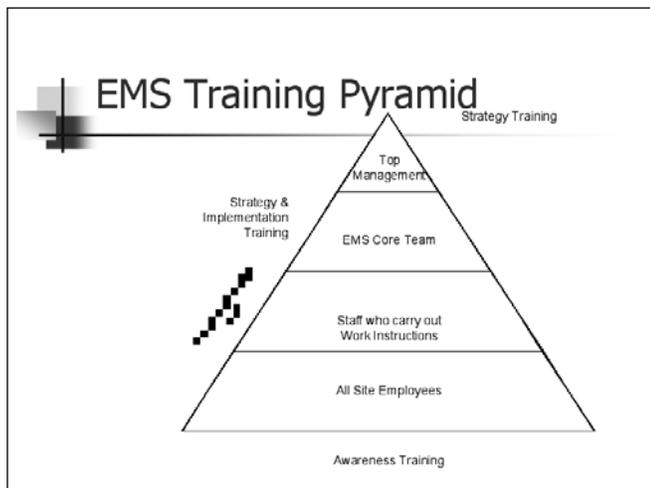
Shipbuilding and Ship Repair:  
Environmental Management Systems Implementation (continued)

## EMS Implementation & Operation

- Module 2: Structure and responsibility
- Module 8: Training, awareness, and competence
- Module 9: Communication
- Module 10: EMS documentation
- Module 11: Document control
- Module 12: Operational control
- Module 13: Emergency preparedness and response

## Module 8: Training-- Cascading EMS Concepts

- Create top management awareness
- Train cross-functional team
- Train supervisors on EMS and environmental aspects of their departments
- Make all employees aware of the EMS and aspects associated with their jobs

## Module 9: Communication



## Communication

- Establish procedures to report environmental activities internally and externally
- Communicate results of EMS audits and management reviews to all employees
- Create a system for receiving and responding to concerns (internal and external)
- Be proactive



## Modules 10 & 11: EMS Documentation & Document Control



Shipbuilding and Ship Repair:  
Environmental Management Systems Implementation (continued)

### EMS Documentation

- Shall establish and maintain information
- Describe the core elements of the EMS and their interaction
- Provide direction to related documents

### EMS Documentation Pyramid

The diagram shows a pyramid with five distinct levels. The top level is labeled 'Policy'. The second level is 'Operational/Mgmt Procedures'. The third level is 'Work Instructions'. The fourth level is 'Reference Documents'. The bottom level is 'Records'.

### EMS Documentation

- Level 1 — EMS Road Map
- Level 2 — Operational/Management Procedures
- Level 3 — Working Instructions (Specific how-to Procedures)

### Effective Use of Words

Lord’s Prayer	54 words
The Gettysburg Address	286 words
Ten Commandments	297 words
American Declaration of Independence	300 words
The Declaration of Independence	1,322 words
EEC Directive on Export of Duck Eggs	26,911 words
Government regulations on sale of cabbage	27,000 words

### What EMS Documents Need To Be Controlled?

- ISO 14001 documents
- Emergency Preparedness and Response Documents
- Operational Controls
- Significant Environmental Aspects
- Which internal documents?
- Which external documents?

### Module 12: Operational Controls

- Should be associated with significant environmental aspects and stipulate operating criteria
- Are documented procedures to cover situations where their absence could lead to a deviation from the environmental policy and the objectives and targets

## Shipbuilding and Ship Repair: Environmental Management Systems Implementation (continued)

### Operational Control Example

For storage of materials and wastes, prevent releases by having defined procedures and work instructions for:

- Loading and unloading
- Container integrity
- Material compatibility
- Secondary containment
- Prevention of storm water contact

### Operational Control Example

See handout for example of an Environmental Operating Procedure/Work Instruction for Hazardous Waste Satellite Accumulation Areas that is in addition to one in the Implementation Guide for Control of Coating and Thinner Use

### Link Between SEAs and Operational Controls

Significant Aspect	Objective	Target	Operational Control
Anti corrosive paint X	C-Maintain compliance	Ongoing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Coating and thinning NESHAP procedure</li> <li>• Paint application work instruction (WI)</li> <li>• Bulk storage WI and containment WI</li> </ul>
Non-attended emission of VOCs	1-Reduce VOC emissions	10% by January 2002	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• VOC reduction EMP</li> </ul>
Solid waste from tumasking process	3-Investigate potential for reduction	Complete study by January 2002	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Solid waste reduction EMP</li> </ul>

Table 12.1: Partial List of Typical Activity Areas and Operational Controls at Shipbuilding and Ship Repair Facilities

Category of Activity	Operational Control (Procedure)
Purchase of Her Material Tank Fills and Fuel Transfer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Subcontractor Requirements</li> <li>• Above Ground Tank Inspection</li> <li>• Tiding on Fuel</li> <li>• Spill Reporting and Clean-up</li> <li>• Secondary Containment Inspection</li> </ul>
Storage For Materials (chemicals) and Hazardous Waste Accumulation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hazardous Waste Area Inspection</li> <li>• Tank Storage and Containment</li> <li>• Containment Material Storage</li> <li>• Drum Handling - Satellite and Warehouse Storage</li> <li>• Hazardous Waste Operations Procedures</li> <li>• Control of Discharge and Disposal</li> <li>• Waste Manifest/Chain of Custody</li> <li>• Bulk Cargo Transfer Inspection</li> </ul>
Typhook Operation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ERM Management Practices for Ships in Dry dock</li> <li>• Drydock Maintenance</li> </ul>
Wastewater Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Shipboard Wastewater Handling</li> <li>• Shipboard Sewage Waste Disposal</li> <li>• Bilge and Ballast Water</li> <li>• Oil/Water Transfer</li> <li>• Hydroblasting/Discharge Procedures</li> <li>• Air Emissions Control of Blasting</li> <li>• ERM of Surface Preparation and Painting</li> <li>• Designated Material Storage areas</li> <li>• Error Material Handling</li> <li>• Environmental Requirements for Distribution and Handling of Meats Coatings</li> <li>• Operational Control for Control of Coating and Thinner Use</li> <li>• Environmental Compliance Assessment Checklist</li> <li>• Procedures for Preventing Washing Near Water</li> <li>• Maintenance and Machine Shop Checklist</li> <li>• Disposition of Fluorescent Dusts, Detergents, and Mercury Bats</li> </ul>
Surface Preparation (Hydro and Abrasive Blasting) and Painting	
Shops and Facility Plant Maintenance	

Tool 12.2: Sample Worksheet for Determining Which Operations or Activities Require Operational Controls

Operation or Activity with SEA to be Controlled	Procedure is Needed			No procedure is needed
	And Must Be Developed	Procedure Exists, but Must Be Documented	Exists and Is Documented	

Form 12.5: Sample Form for EMS Operational Control Procedures

SEA	Measureme nt Indicator(s)	Associated Job Functions	Existing Operational Control Procedures	Operational Control Procedures Development/ Modification Needed	Person Responsible / Status	Location Posted

Contact Person:

Date Complete

Shipbuilding and Ship Repair:  
Environmental Management Systems Implementation (continued)

Tool 12-4: Sample Worksheet for Training Plan for Operational Controls

SEA	Operational Control Procedure(s)	Person(s) Responsible for Procedure's Implementation	Training Needs	Hours Train	When/Length	Budget	Completion Date	Person Responsible for Training

### Operational Controls Related to Contractors

Hold contractors accountable to the EMS policy and procedures



EMS expectations should extend to contractors!

### Module 13: Emergency Preparedness and Response

- Establish a procedure and controls to respond to unexpected or accidental incidents
- Should address:
  - Accidental emissions to the atmosphere
  - Accidental discharges to water and land
  - Specific environmental and ecosystem impacts from accidental releases

### Checking and Corrective Action

- Module 14: Monitoring and measurement
- Module 15: Non-conformance and corrective and preventive action
- Module 16: Records
- Module 17: EMS audit

### Module 14: EMS Monitoring and Measurement



**“What gets measured gets managed; and what gets managed gets done”**

### Monitoring and Measurement

Monitor and measure actual performance

↓

Compare against objectives and targets

↓

Determine areas of success

↓

Identify activities requiring corrective action and improvement

Shipbuilding and Ship Repair:  
Environmental Management Systems Implementation (continued)

### Monitoring and Measuring Improvements

Measuring pollution discharges → Measuring efficiency at process or production level




### Link Between SEAs and Monitoring and Measurement

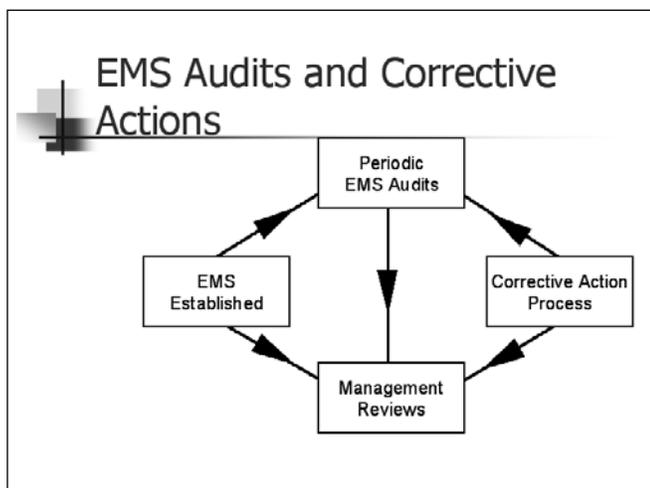
Significant Aspect	Objective	Target	Operational Control	Monitoring and Measurement
Anti corrosive paint X	C-Maintain compliance	Ongoing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Coating and thinning NESHAP procedure</li> <li>Paint application work instruction (WI)</li> <li>Bulk storage WI and containment WI</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Compliance audits</li> <li>Regulatory reporting</li> <li>EMS audits</li> </ul>
Non-obtated emission of VOCs	I-Reduce VOC emissions	10% by January 2002	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>VOC-reduction EMP</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>VOC volume reduction tracking metric</li> <li>EMS audits</li> </ul>
Solid waste from unmasking process	S-Investigate potential for reduction	Complete study by January 2002	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Solid waste reduction EMP</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Waste reduction tracking metric</li> <li>EMS audits</li> </ul>

### Goals for Monitoring and Measurement

- Tie to the business goals
- Make the metrics meaningful to top management
- Make the metrics understandable to the non-environmental audiences, both inside and outside of the company
- Tie to existing business metrics
- Use data already collected

### Module 15: Corrective and Preventive Action and Records

- Establish procedures for handling non-conformance, mitigating any impacts caused, and initiating corrective action
- Establish procedures for maintaining records of training, audits, and reviews



### Module 17: EMS AUDIT

**THE THREE C'S OF AUDITING AN EMS TO 14001 CONFORMANCE**  
 Meets the requirements (implements the "shalls")  
**CONSISTENCY**  
 Various elements inter-related (i.e., significant aspects reflected in emergency planning, etc.)  
**CONTINUAL IMPROVEMENT**  
 Mechanisms in place to improve (including fixing non-conformances and improving performance)

\* You must audit the EMS for ALL three C's!

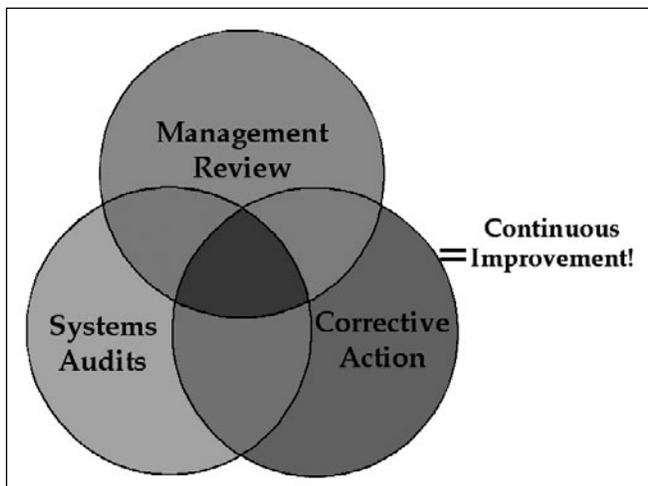
Shipbuilding and Ship Repair:  
Environmental Management Systems Implementation (continued)

### EMS Audits

- Use audits to identify performance improvement opportunities
- Select prescriptive, descriptive, and TQM approaches
- Schedule audit during production
- Talk to production/process staff

### Continual Improvement

- Continual evaluation of the environmental performance of the EMS against:
  - Objectives and targets
  - The Policy for the purpose of identifying opportunities for improvement



### Module 18: Management Review

- Top management should regularly review the EMS
  - Determine suitability, adequacy, and effectiveness
  - Evaluate EMS in terms of financial performance and competitive position
  - Address possible need for changes to policy, objectives, and other elements of EMS
- Goal is to improve overall environmental (and business) performance!

